

III B.Tech II Semester(RR) Supplementary Examinations, May 2010
ELECTRONIC MEASUREMENTS AND INSTRUMENTATION
(Electronics & Communication Engineering)

Time: 3 hours

Max Marks: 80

Answer any FIVE Questions
 All Questions carry equal marks

1. (a) Explain the following
 - i. Accuracy
 - ii. Error
 - iii. Linearity
 - iv. Precision
 (b) Discuss main differences between accuracy and precision.
 (c) Explain about peak responding voltmeter. [8+4+4]

2. (a) Draw the Anderson bridge and derive the balancing conditions.
 (b) An ac bridge is fed with a source of frequency 1 kHz, across BD. The detector is connected across AB. The arm AB has $R = 450 \text{ ohm}$; arm BC has $R = 300 \text{ ohm}$ in series with $C = 0.256 \mu \text{ f}$; arm CD has the unknown component; arm DA has $R = 200 \text{ ohm}$ in series with $L = 15.9 \text{ mHo}$ Find the constants of arm CD. [8+8]

3. (a) Briefly discuss the various sources of errors in a current transformer.
 (b) Discuss the following two techniques used to reduce errors in CTs.
 - i. Design of Core
 - ii. Turns compensation. [8+8]

4. (a) Explain how do you interface the seven-segment display to a counter and Explain the importance of open collector outputs.
 (b) Explain in details about frequency mode errors and period mode errors. [8+8]

5. (a) Derive the equations for Resistive voltage divider and capacitive voltage divider of compensated attenuator .
 (b) Explain the method of finding phase, frequency relationship of two waveforms using Lissajous figures.
 (c) What are the advantages of using an active probe. [6+6+4]

6. (a) Explain the Digital data recording technique.
 (b) Explain the tracking generator counter applications. [8+8]

7. (a) Explain the operation of piezoelectric type accelerometer.
 (b) Explain the operation of platinum resistance thermometer. [8+8]

8. (a) What is an LVDT? Where is it used? Explain its operating principle [2+2+4]
 (b) What are linearity and sensitivity of resistance transducers? [8]
